

Review Article

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An Ayurveda Review on *Shothahara Mahakashaya Dravya* and their Therapeutic Properties

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Abstract

Shothahara Mahakashaya refers to a collection of medicinal ingredients that exhibit therapeutic effects against Shotha Roga. Shotha is a condition characterized by swelling anywhere in the body, which can be equated with the term oedema in modern medicine. Acharya Charak has delineated Shothahara Mahakashaya as one of the group among the fifty Mahakashaya Ganas. The components comprising Shothahara Mahakashaya are Patala, Bilva, Shyonaka, Agnimantha, Kashmariya, Brihati, Shalaparni, Kantakari, Prishaniparni and Goksura. These plants, offer potent effect in its own right, while acts synergistically when combined to produce enhanced therapeutic outcomes. They share common characteristics such as having a Katu, Tikta and Kashaya Rasa, Ushna Virya, Katu Vipaka, Ruksha-Laghu Guna and Tridoshaghna properties. These properties contributed towards the Shothahara Mahakashaya Dravya and their therapeutic properties.

Keywords: Ayurveda, Dravyaguna, Shothahara, Mahakashaya

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1. Introduction

Ayurveda, the traditional and time-tested Indian system of medicine, offers a comprehensive approach to addressing various aspects of life, encompassing both physiological and pathological perspectives. *Shothahara Mahakashaya*, a collection of medicines, which combat

against *Shotha Roga*. These drugs effectively alleviate the symptoms of *Shotha Roga* due to their inherent qualities. (1-3) These drugs possess specific properties as depicted in **Figure 1**. *Shothahara Mahakashaya* plants renowned for their efficacy in case of oedema and swelling, this grouping includes following medicines:



Figure 1. General properties of Shothahara Mahakashaya Drugs

- Patala
- > Agnimantha
- ➢ Bilva
- > Shyonaka
- ➢ Kashmariya
- Kantakari
- Brihati
- Shalaparni
- > Prishaniparni
- ➢ Goksura

Shothahara Mahakashaya substances act against Vataj Shotha, Pittaj Shotha and Kaphaj Shotha. These ten substances are collectively known as Dashamoola. Shothahara Mahakashaya exhibits properties such as bitter and astringent taste, warmth potency, dryness and lightness characteristics thus impart Tridoshaghna property primarily targeting Vata dosha.

Shothahara Mahakashaya substances contain beneficial compounds like alkaloids, lignans and flavonoids, etc. All ten of these components possess the capacity to effectively treat *Shotha roga*, aiding in the restoration of normal physiological functioning in affected tissues and organs. (3-6) These drugs offer following therapeutic benefits:

- ✓ Primarily pacify vitiated Vata dosha and brings Kapha dosha back to its normal state.
- ✓ These drugs impact the *Dhatus*, *Rasa*, *Mamsa* and *Asthi*.
- ✓ Effects of these drugs extend to various organs, including nerves, muscles, bones and joints.
- ✓ These drugs primary indicated for the treatment of *Vata* disorders.

2. Biological Action and Indications of *Shothahara Mahakashaya* Drugs:

- For Vataja Shotha, where Vata Dosha is chiefly imbalanced, therapeutic remedies such as Shalparni and Gambhari are utilized. These substances possess Guru and Snighdha Guna; facilitate pacification of Vata (Vata Shamana effect) by virtue of their properties.
- In the case of Pitta Pradhan Shotha where Pitta Dosha predominates, Gokhura and Bilva are employed. They are chosen for their Tikta and Kashaya Rasa, Katu Vipaka and Sheet Virya attributes. These drugs also help to balances Pitta Dosha along with Vata Shamana effect.
- Patala and Kantakari employed for treating Kaphaja Shotha, where Kapha Dosha is primarily involved. These herbs possess Laghu, Ushna and Ruksha Guna, Katu and Tikta Rasa along with Katu Vipaka, which counteract Kapha imbalances.

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The treatment of all types of Shotha is customized based on the predominant Dosha, and medicinal plants are selected to balance the Dosha by virtue of their contrasting Rasa, Virya, Guna and Vipaka.

All these medicinal substances contain beneficial compounds such as alkaloids and flavonoids which help in reducing edema. *Shothahara Mahakashaya* plays a role in restoring normal physiological functions in affected tissues and organs. Its *Dosha karma* primarily targets *Vata dosha* while helping to normalize *Kapha dosha*. These drugs potentiate various *Dhatus* including *Rasa, Mamsa* and *Asthi*. These drugs also support functioning of nerves, muscles, bones, and joints, etc.

Its primary indication is for the treatment of *Vata* disorders, physicians can choose the most suitable drug from this group rationality. It's important to note that each ingredient of *Shothahara Mahakashaya* is part of *Dashmool* which is an Ayurvedic formulation used as anti-inflammatory agent.

According to Acharya Charak, the medicines in the Shothhar Gan possess Ushna Virya and Tridoshaghna properties, which aid in the digestion of Ama and enhance Agni. This process helps to alleviate Strotorodh, acting as both Deepanpachan and Aampachan. Additionally, Dashamula is commonly utilized in various conditions, including pyrexia, asthma, chronic cough and different types of Vata disorders, paralysis, heart diseases and infertility, etc. These ingredients also employed as a component of Basti therapy in Panchkarma. (5-7)

Shothahara Mahakashaya plays a pivotal role in restoring normal physiological functions within affected organs and tissues. Shotha are essentially Tridoshaja in nature but are categorized and treated based on their predominant Dosha involvement. Within the Shothahara Mahakashaya certain drugs primarily pacify Vata, some address Pitta imbalances, while others mitigate Kapha dosha. When these diverse drugs of the Shothahara Mahakashya are combined, they collectively harmonize all three Doshas and disrupt the progression of Doshic imbalance. These drugs are used for the treatment of various types of Shotha and also used for the prevention and treatment of other pathological conditions. (6-8)

3. Conclusion

Shothahara Mahakashaya comprises a group of medicines designed to combat Shotha roga, a condition that can be correlated with modern medicine's concept of edema and swelling. These medicines are described under the category of Mahakashaya Ganas as Shothahara Mahakashaya. It includes ingredients such as: Patala, Bilva, Agnimantha, Svonaka, Kantakari, Brihati, Kashmariya, Shalaparni, Goksura and Prishaniparni. These plants work synergistically to enhance their therapeutic effects and are also effective when used individually. They possess properties such as Katu, Tikta and Kashaya Rasa, Ushna Virya, Katu Vipaka, Ruksha and Laghu Guna and Tridoshaghan properties, these properties helps to pacify vitiated Vata dosha thus imparts therapeutic benefits in case of Shotha and related conditions.

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Conflict of Interest

The authors declare that there is no conflict of interest regarding the publication of this article.

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